

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Revision Date 01-Feb-2024

Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Cat No. : Synonyms Index No CAS No Molecular Formula	Di-n-butyltin diacetate 18595 Dibutylstannium diacetate; Di-n-butyltin diacetate. 050-033-00-X 1067-33-0 C12 H24 O4 Sn
REACH registration number	-
-	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet
Company	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Di-n-butyltin diacetate

Acute oral toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Skin Sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity

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Category 2 (H300) Category 1 (H314) B Category 1 (H318) Category 1 Sub-category 1B (H317) Category 2 (H341) Category 1B (H360FD) Category 1 (H370)

Category 1 (H372)

Category 1 (H410)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Hazard Statements

- H300 Fatal if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H370 Causes damage to organs
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

Di-n-butyltin diacetate

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3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Dibutyltin diacetate	1067-33-0	EEC No. 213-928-8	100	Muta. 2 (H341) Repr. 1B (H360FD) STOT RE 1 (H372) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Skin Sens. 1B (H317) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 1 (H370) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) Acute Tox. 2 (H300)

REACH registration number

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
	Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Metal oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from direct sunlight. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 6.1A Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Dibutyltin diacetate	STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 15 min		
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hr		
	Skin		

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Dibutyltin diacetate		DNEL = 0.42mg/kg		DNEL = 0.42mg/kg
1067-33-0 (100)		bw/day		bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Dibutyltin diacetate 1067-33-0 (100)		DNEL = 18.8µg/m ³		DNEL = 14.8µg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Dibutyltin diacetate	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.014mg/L	PNEC = 1.63mg/L	PNEC = 0.05mg/kg
1067-33-0 (100)	0.0014mg/L	0.062mg/kg		-	soil dw
	-	sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Dibutyltin diacetate	PNEC =	PNEC =		PNEC = 0.2mg/kg	
1067-33-0(100)	0.00014mg/L	0.0062mg/kg		food	
		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective eq Eye Protection		s (European standard	d - EN 166)	
Hand Protection	Protecti	ve gloves		
Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber Viton (R)	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Skin and body prot	ection Wear ap	propriate protective	gloves and clothing to p	prevent skin exposure.
Inspect gloves before use. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.				
Respiratory Protec	tion No prote	ective equipment is n	eeded under normal us	se conditions.
Large scale/emergency			pean Standard EN 136 r other symptoms are e	approved respirator if exposure limits experienced
Small scale/Laboratory	use Maintair	adequate ventilatior	ì	
Environmental exposu				material to contaminate ground water icant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Yellow vinegar-like No data available 7 - 10 °C / 44.6 - 50 °F No data available 139 °C / 282.2 °F No data available Not applicable Lower 2	@ 5 mmHg Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate	143 °C / 289.4 °F 479 °C / 894.2 °F No data available Not applicable <40 mPa.s at 20 °C Insoluble No information available	Method - No information available
Component Dibutyltin diacetate Vapor Pressure Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	log Pow 3.39 <0.1 hPa @ 20 °C 1.310 Not applicable 12.10 Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)

Di-n-butyltin diacetate

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight C12 H24 O4 Sn 351.02

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available	
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions. Light sensitive. Moisture sensitive.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reaction	ions	
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.	
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.	

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Metal oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;	
Oral	Category 2
Dermal	No data available
Inhalation	No data available

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Dibutyltin diacetate	LD50 = 32 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available Sub-category 1B
	May cause sensitization by skin contact
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Category 2
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity;	Category 1B
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 1
(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Target Organs	Category 1 No information available.
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any
	known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxic	city
Ecotoxicit	y effects

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

 12.2. Persistence and degradability
 Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary

 Persistence
 May persist, based on information available.

 Degradation in sewage treatment plant
 Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Dibutyltin diacetate	3.39	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soilSpillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and sinks in water The product
contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Is
not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the
environment due to its volatility.12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB
assessmentSubstance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent
and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

Di-n-butyltin diacetate

properties Endoaring Discustor

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects	
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Should not be released into the environment.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. Dibutyltin diacetate 8 6.1 II
ADR <u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. Dibutyltin diacetate 8 6.1 II
IATA 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class 14.4. Packing group	UN2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. Dibutyltin diacetate 8 6.1 II
44.5. Environmental haranda	Dengaraya far the any ironment

<u>14.5. Environmental hazards</u> Dangerous for the environment Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

Di-n-butyltin diacetate

No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

China, X = listed, Australia, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), New Zealand (NZIoC), Japan (ISHL). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Dibutyltin diacetate	1067-33-0	213-928-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-10000	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Dibutyltin diacetate	1067-33-0	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Dibutyltin diacetate	1067-33-0	-	Use restricted. See item 20. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident		
		Notification	Requirements	
Dibutyltin diacetate	1067-33-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Component	ANNEX I - PART 1 List of chemicals subject to export notification procedure (referred to in Article 8)	ANNEX I - PART 2 List of chemicals qualifying for PIC notification (referred to in Article 11)	ANNEX I - PART 3 List of chemicals subject to the PIC procedure (referred to in Articles 13 and 14)
Dibutyltin diacetate 1067-33-0 (100)	sr — severe restriction i(2) — industrial chemical for	-	-
	public		

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0649&qid=1604065742303.

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Dibutyltin diacetate	WGK3	

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Dibutyltin diacetate 1067-33-0 (100)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H300 - Fatal if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H360Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)
	Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	
Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
·····	
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic IARC - Infle Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Ships

Transport Association

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Revision Date	01-Feb-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet